

6TH INTERNATIONAL STUDENT CONFERENCE ON LOCAL SAFETY AND SECURITY



UNIVERZITET CRNE GORE
PRAVNI FAKULTET



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arrs

SLOVENIAN RESEARCH AGENCY

PREVENTION OF HATE CRIMES

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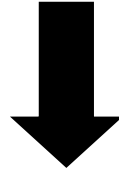


THE CONTENT:

- THE CONCEPT OF HATE CRIMES
- PREVENTION MEASURES OF THESE CRIMES
- OSCE
- REASONS WHY THIS CRIME IS NOT REPORTED
- TYPES OF THIS CRIME
- STATISTICS
- CONCLUSION

**HATE
CRIME**

HATE CRIME



CRIMINAL OFFENSE MOTIVATED BY PREJUDICE



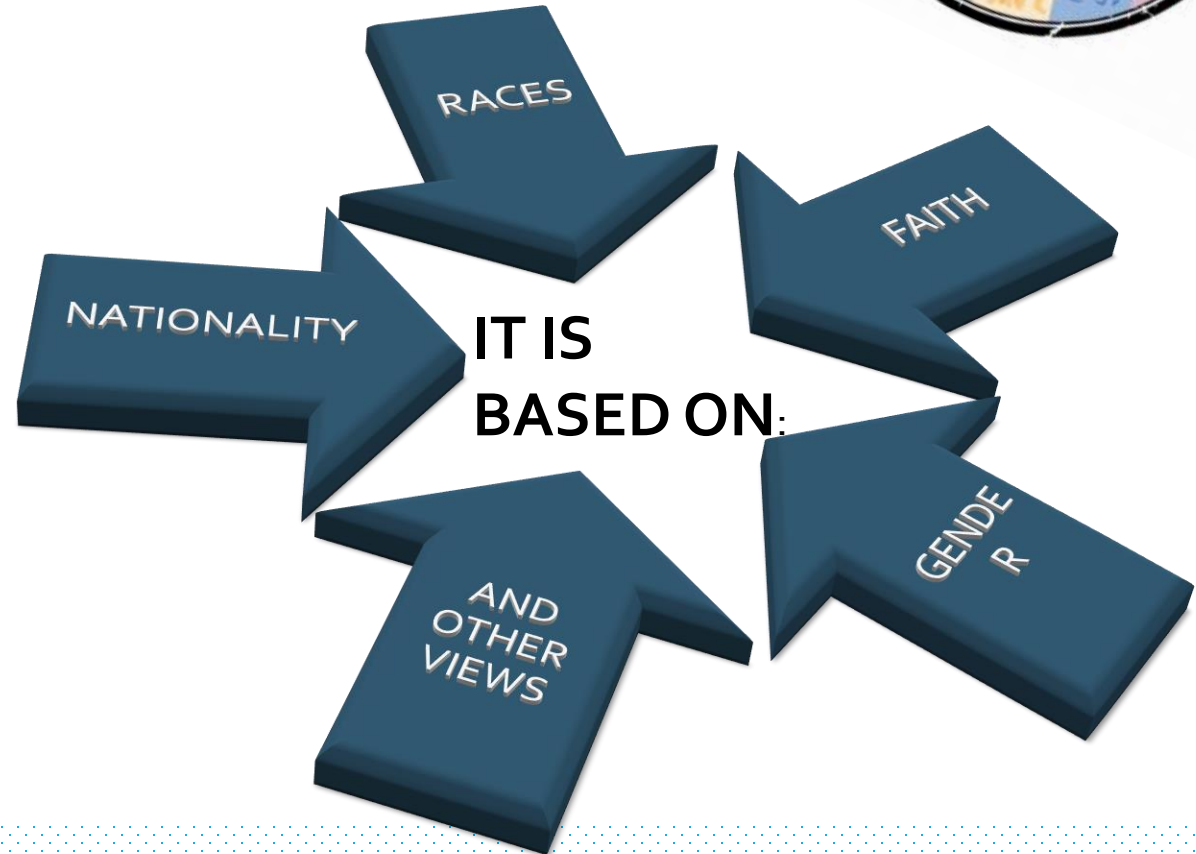
IT HAS TWO ELEMENTS:

1

THE COMMITTED ACT CONSTITUTES A CRIMINAL OFFENSE ACCORDING TO THE GENERAL CRIMINAL LAW.

2

THE PERPETRATOR INTENTIONALLY CHOSEN A VICTIM OR TARGET WITH A PROTECTED CHARACTERISTIC.





**SAY NO
TO HATE
CRIME**



THESE CRIMES INCLUDE

VIOLENCE

THREATS

VANDALISM

DISCRIMINATION IN EDUCATION

ATTACK ON PERSONS BECAUSE OF BELONGING TO A MINORITY GROUP

BURNING OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY

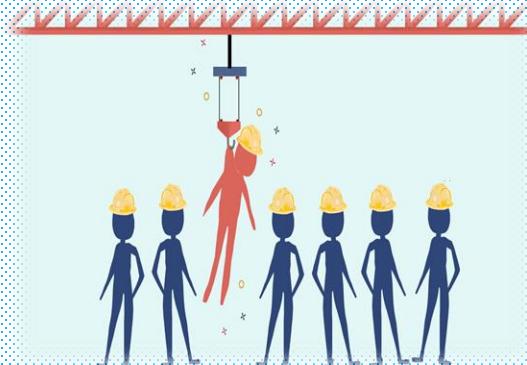
DISCRIMINATION IN THE WORKPLACE



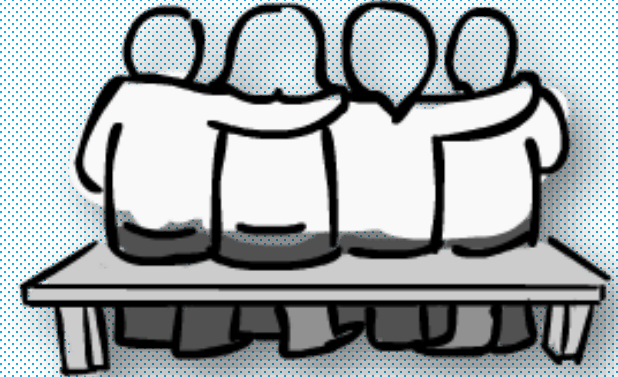
MEASURES FOR PREVENTING HATE CRIMES



EDUCATION



THE FIGHT AGAINST
DISCRIMINATION



TOLERANCE AND
UNDERSTANDING



STRENGTHENING OF SOCIAL
CAPITAL



PROVIDING SUPPORT



SOCIAL AWARENESS



OSCE

➤ THE LARGEST INTERGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION FOR EUROPEAN SECURITY AND COOPERATION

➤ THE OSCE MINISTERIAL COUNCIL CLAIMS THAT HATE CRIMES NOT ONLY AFFECT INDIVIDUAL SECURITY

➤ IN 2003, OSCE MEMBER COUNTRIES TOOK ON A SERIES OF COMMITMENTS REGARDING THE RESOLUTION OF HATE CRIMES

➤ IN 2009, THE MINISTERIAL COUNCIL ADOPTED ITS FIRST DECISION





REASONS WHY THIS CRIME IS NOT REPORTED



FEAR OF PERPETRATOR'S REVENGE



FEELING OF HUMILIATION AND SHAME



UNCERTAINTY HOW TO REPORT A CRIME



LACK OF CONFIDENCE IN AUTHORITIES



THE VICTIM DOES NOT CONSIDER IT TO BE A CRIMINAL OFFENSE



LANGUAGE BARRIER



FEAR OF DEPORTATION



FEAR OF DISCOVERING THEIR STATUS

TYPES OF THIS CRIME

ATTACK

PERSON WITH
DISABILITY

HATE TOWARDS
PEOPLE WITH
DISABILITIES

A GROUP ATTACKS A
PERSON WITH
DISABILITY, WITH
PHYSICAL VIOLENCE

HATE SPEECH

MEMBER OF A MINORITY
RELIGIOUS COMMUNITY

HATE TOWARDS THE
MINORITY RELIGIOUS
COMMUNITY

MAKING A SPEECH AT A
PUBLIC MEETING IN
WHICH THE MINORITY
RELIGIOUS COMMUNITY
IS OFFENDED

SLANDER

MEMBER OF THE LGBT
COMMUNITY

HATE TOWARDS THE
LGBT COMMUNITY

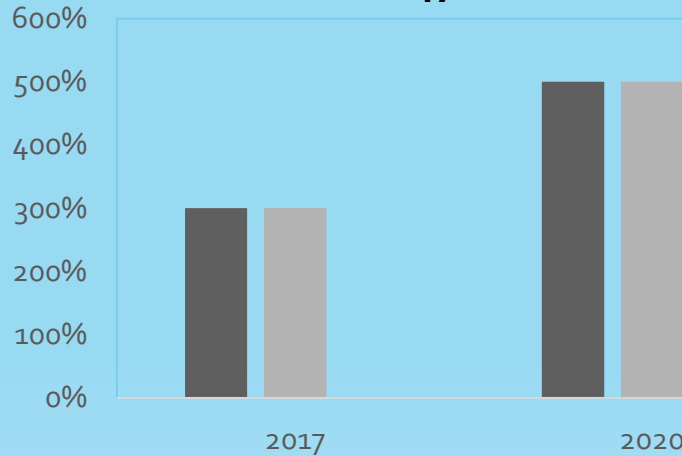
PUBLISHING FALSE
INFORMATION ABOUT A
PERSON ON SOCIAL
NETWORKS BECAUSE OF
THEIR SEXUAL
ORIENTATION



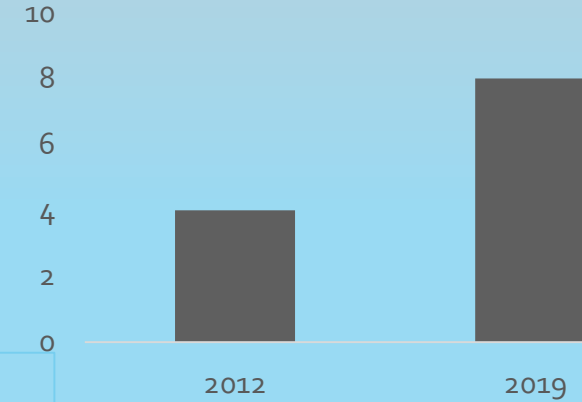
STATISTICS



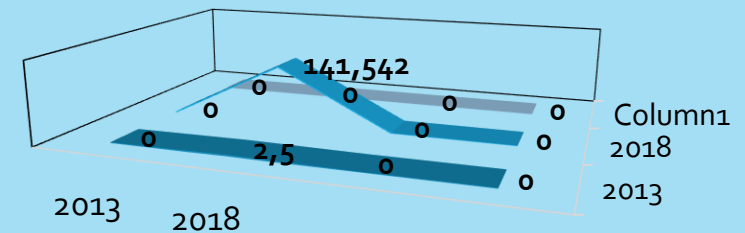
ACCORDING TO THE ORGANIZATION FOR SECURITY AND COOPERATION IN EUROPE, THE NUMBER OF REPORTED HATE CRIMES IN EUROPE HAS INCREASED BY 47%



IN EUROPE, ACCORDING TO DATA FROM THE EUROPEAN AGENCY FOR FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS FROM 2020, 37% OF PEOPLE WHO ARE MEMBERS OF THE LGBTI COMMUNITY HAVE EXPERIENCED AT LEAST ONE INCIDENT OF VIOLENCE OR A THREAT OF VIOLENCE DUE TO THEIR SEXUAL ORIENTATION IN THE LAST FIVE YEARS



THE EUROPEAN UNION AGENCY FOR FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS' 2020 REPORT STATES THAT BETWEEN 2013 AND 2018, A TOTAL OF 141,542 HATE CRIMES WERE REPORTED IN EUROPEAN UNION COUNTRIES.



TWO HATE CRIMES IN MONTENEGRO



1 The murder of a 24-year-old Albanian, F. Đ., which occurred in October 2020 in the city of Ulcinj. The investigation showed that the motive for the murder was of national and religious nature.

2 In August 2021, in the town of Bijelo Polje, a group of Roma people were attacked and two individuals suffered serious injuries. The motive for the attack was racist, as the attackers used racist insults during the attack.



UNDERSTANDING AND RESPECTING DIVERSITY

! CONCLUSION !

PREVENTION OF HATE CRIMES REQUIRES A COMPREHENSIVE APPROACH AND ENGAGEMENT OF THE ENTIRE SOCIETY. EDUCATION, CLEAR LAWS, STRENGTHENING INSTITUTIONS, AND SUPPORT FOR VICTIMS ARE KEY ELEMENTS IN THE FIGHT AGAINST HATE CRIMES.

!!! EDUCATION IS THE MOST IMPORTANT MEASURE OF HATE CRIMES PREVENTION !!!



PASSING A LAW

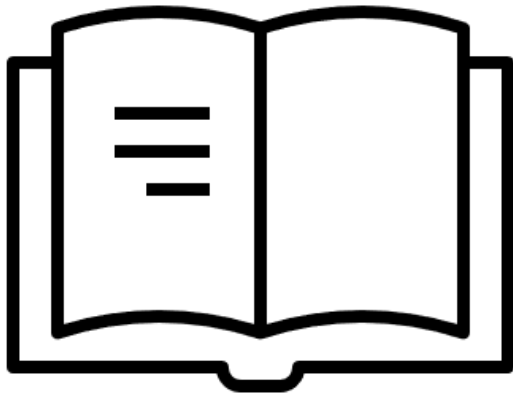


SUPPORT FOR VICTIMS



STRENGTHENING OF INSTITUTIONS

LITERATURE



"Government of Montenegro (2019-2023) Strategy for the Prevention and Suppression of Discrimination and Hate Speech, Podgorica,,



Kostić-Bobanović, M. (2017). Human rights and discrimination in Montenegro: Analysis of legal framework and practice. Podgorica



Pavićević, V., & Radulović, T. (2017). Hatred towards the LGBT population in Montenegro, Podgorica. 195-215.



Bajčeta, D. (2018). The role of the police in preventing and combating hate crimes in Montenegro. Bezbednost, 7-24.



- Ministerial Council of the OSCE, Decision No. 9/09



**THANK YOU
FOR YOUR
ATTENTION**

